price as well as compare prices between online retailers. In addition, Froogle provides store and product reviews and ratings. Overall, Froogle can be a very useful tool for students and general consumers looking for product information.

**Google Deskbar**

Google deskbar is an application that allows users to search the web without opening a web browser. Similar in concept to the Google toolbar, the deskbar program places a search box in the taskbar that appears at the bottom of every Windows screen. Search results appear in a “mini-viewer” that allows users to preview search results prior to launching a browser session. Using the deskbar, a student writing a research paper in Word could quickly use Google’s dictionary, calculator, or web search features without leaving his/her document to “check the web”.

**Google Alerts**

Google’s alert service allows users to specify and save search terms to be run against either the web or news search sites on a regular basis. Anytime new web pages make it into the top ten news sites, or top twenty web sites, Google sends an e-mail alert to the user. This service may prove particularly useful for students interested in tracking a particular news story or developing area of research.

**Google Scholar**

Unless you’ve been hiding under a rock for the last few months, chances are pretty good that you’ve already heard of and tried out Google’s new scholar search engine. Designed to facilitate search for “scholarly literature, including peer-reviewed papers, theses, books, preprints, abstracts and technical reports from all broad areas of re-

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**What is Google Labs?**

Google Labs is the informal technology “think tank” of the Google organization. Staff members at Google are encouraged to experiment with new ideas and produce working prototypes that are then made available to the public from the Google Labs web page [http://labs.google.com/]. Once accessible, Google users are invited to provide feedback on how the technology might be used or improved. These experimental designs are allowed to live or die based on their merits and problems. Ideas that are deemed particularly promising may eventually be integrated into the main Google search engine and/or made available as a separate tool.

**Lab Success Stories**

Since its establishment in 2002, Google Labs has introduced a number of innovative search tools that have moved beyond the prototype phase and are now being actively developed and promoted as part of Google’s arsenal of search tools.

**Froogle**

First introduced in the Labs at the end of 2002, Froogle [froogle.google.com] is a tool designed to facilitate online shopping. The Froogle search engine allows users to search product information, and then sort and limit by
Since its introduction in November of last year, librarians have been avidly debating the flaws and merits of this new search tool. Regardless of our opinions, however, there can be little doubt that students will very likely adopt this new flavor of Google with great enthusiasm. Since Scholar is still in beta, opportunity exists to help shape the continuing development of this tool. Google invites user feedback via (scholar-support@google.com) and provides access to an online forum for discussion of the tool (http://groups-beta.google.com/group/Google-Labs-Google-Scholar).

Google Suggest

Introduced in December 2004, the suggest tool monitors what is typed into the search box and makes real time suggestions regarding possible refinements. For example, type the word “yellow” into the search and Google suggests a variety of searches including “yellow pages”, the musical group “Yellowcard” and “Yellowstone National Park.” You can then quickly select a search by scrolling down the list with the arrow keys and pressing enter. This is a fun tool for exploring search options, and also has the potential to help students formulate better searches.

Google Compute

Google Compute is a distributed computing tool that allows you to donate your computer’s idle time for work on research projects. Currently, the Google Compute resources are being used to help Stanford University’s Folding@home project [http://folding.stanford.edu/] which is working to understand protein folding in order to develop treatments for diseases such as Alzheimer’s and Parkinson’s.

Conclusion

As the overwhelming buzz surrounding Google Scholar and Google Print has demonstrated, the innovations produced in the Google Labs can have a major impact on our work as instructors. Regular visits to this corner of the Googleverse will help to keep you aware of future innovations in searching and ready to answer your students’ questions regarding these new tools when they arise!

Works cited
